LOLC Finance PLC FINANCIAI STATEMENTS



For The Year Ended 31st March 2022

	Company For the year ended 31 March		
-			
	31 Mar 2022 (Audited) Rs '000	31 Mar 2021 (Audited) Rs '000	
Interest income	30,569,863	33,761,534	
Interest expense	(8,979,992)	(12,446,790)	
Net interest income	21,589,871	21,314,744	
Net other operating income	11,522,272	10,298,438	
Total Income	33,112,143	31,613,182	
Operating Expenses			
Direct expenses excluding interest cost	(863,534)	(950,855)	
Personnel expenses	(3,564,803)	(3,156,955)	
Directors' emoluments	(40,914)	(36,151)	
Depreciation	(207,248)	(131,854)	
General & administration expenses	(5,863,750)	(5,943,077)	
Profit from operations before provision for taxataion and possible losses	22,571,894	21,394,291	
Allowance for impairment & write-offs	(2,991,760)	(16,341,362)	
Operating profit after provision for possible losses	19,580,135	5,052,929	
Value added tax on financial services	(1,837,501)	(556,146)	
Profit before income tax expense	17,742,634	4,496,783	
Income tax (expense) / reversal	(792,048)	(130,845)	
Profit after taxation	16,950,585	4,365,939	
Other comprehensive income	, ,	, ,	
Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability - gain / (loss)	24,422	19,845	
Related tax	(5,861)	(12,620)	
	18,561	7,225	
Revaluation gain on property, plant and equipment	1,495,420	96,208	
Related tax	(318,626)	(8,897)	
	1,176,794	87,311	
Movement in fair value (Equity investments at FVOCI)	95,307	10,711	
Related tax	-	3,473	
	95,307	14,185	
Total of items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss	1,290,662	108,721	
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss			
Movement in fair value through OCI reserve	-	19,305	
Movement in hedge reserve	(119,317)	130,493	
Related tax	8,007	(25,575)	
	(111,309)	104,917	
Total of items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss	(111,309)	124,222	
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	1,179,353	232,942	
Total comprehensive income for the year	18,129,938	4,598,881	
Basic earnings per share	3.23	0.83	

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HMAJ/WDPL/TP INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LOLC FINANCE PLC Report on the audit of the financial statements

Optimum We have audited the financial statements of LOLC Finance PLC ('the Company'), which comprise thestatement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, and the statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income, statement of changes in equiva and statement and changes for the year there ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of spatialina accounting policies. In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2022, and of its financial performance and its eash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion basis tor opinion We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issues by CA Sri Lank Code of Ethics and we have fulfilled our there thical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics used by CA Sri Lank Code of Ethics and where fulfilled enother ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters (c) and/matures (c) and/mat

We instead to provide in turn context. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material instatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

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Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Impairment allowances for financial assets carried at amortised cost Impairment allowances for financial assets carried at amottised cost as stated in Note 4, 6, 7 & 26 respectively is a accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 A & 2.3. Impairment allowances for financial assets carried at amortised cost is a key audit matter due to: • materiality of the reported allowance which involved complex calculations, and • significant judgements used in assumptions and estimate material by the management as reflected in note 1 A, which in the current year was influenced by the recoditions on forward howing information and the continuum of norward howing information and relief measures.	estimate made by the minagement in the underlying methodology and management overlays were reasonable. We also evaluated the reasonableness of forwail-looking information used, economic scenarios considered, and prohohily veriphing assigned to each of historic sector of the sector of the sector of the sector of the information up to the date of our report. For Loans and Leases assessed on an individual basis for impairment: We assessed the reasonableness and intellness of Management's internal assessments of credit quality based on the borrower's particular circumstances. We checked the accuracy of the underlying individual impairment calculations. We evaluated the reasonableness of key imput used in the provision for credit impairment made with the particular focus on current economic conditions. Such evaluations were carried out considering value and timing of cash they forceasts particularly relating to elevated finis industries, status of recovery action and colluteral values
	set out in notes 2.3, 4, 6, 7 & 26.
Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Financial reporting related IT based Internal coatrols A significant part of the Company's framical reporting process is primarily relation on multiple IT systems with automatic processes and internal coatrols. Further, Rey and reports generated by IT systems, that are compiled and formulated with the use of spreadsheets. Accordingly, financial reporting related IT based Internal controls is considered a key audit matter.	Our audit procedures included the following: We obtained an understanding of the Internal control environment of the processes relating to financial reporting and related disclosures. We identified and test checked relativant controls of key T systems related to the Company's financial reporting process. We evaluated the designan doperating effectiveness of IT controls, including those related to user access and change management. We checked the yource data of the reports used to generate key disclosures for accuracy and completeness, including review of general ledger recordinations.
Valuation of Investment Properties	Our audit procedures included the following;
Investment properties are carried at fair value in accordance with its accounting policies and note disclored in note 2.3 and 21 respectively. This was a key audit matter due to the: • Materiality of the respectal Investment Properties which amounted to LKR 38 Ba as of reporting date; and • Discretimities associated with the fair valuation of investment properties such as relatione on comparation market cranuscitons and consideration of currentle market transactions and consideration of unrentle market cranulations. Key areas of significant judgments, estimates and assumptions used in the valuation of the investment properties as disclosed in note 12 included the following: • Estimate of per perivel value of the investment properties.	 We assessed the competency, capability and objectivity of the external valuer capaged by the Group. We read the external valuer's report and understood the key estimates made and the approach taken by the valuer in determining the valuation of each property. We assessed the reasonableness of the significant judgements made by the valuer and valuation to each proper by reader and value per square foot used by the valuer in the detaminist on each property. We have also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures made in notes 2.5 and 12 in the financial statements.

Partners: W R H Fernando FCA FCMA R N de Saram ACA FCMA Ms. N A De Silva FCA Ms. Y A De Silva FCA W R H De Silva ACA ACMA W K B S P Fernando FCA FCMA Ms. K R M Fernando FCA ACMA Ms. L K H L Fonseka FCA A P A Gunasekers FCA FCMA A Herath FCA D K Hulangamuwa FCA FCMA LLB (Lond) H M A Jayesinghe FCA FCMA Ms. A A Ludowyke FCA FCMA Ms. G G S Manatunga FCA A A J R Perera ACA ACMA Ms. P V K N Sajeewani FC N M Sulaiman ACA ACMA B E Wijesuriya FCA FCMA Principals: G B Goudian ACMA T P M Ruberu FCMA FCCA A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Figures in brackets indicate deductions

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at	31 st March 2022 (Audited) Rs '000	31 st March 202 (Audited) Rs '000	
ASSETS			
Cash and bank balances	12,282,960	13,422,690	
Deposits with banks and other financial institutions	8,885,611	7,203,306	
Investment in government securities and others	23,841,483	15,838,455	
Derivative financial instruments	3,450,266	325,029	
Financial assets at amortised cost :			
Rentals receivable on leased assets	56,960,215	43,098,407	
Loans and advances	149,849,871	61,550,510	
Investment securities	6,288,566	5,498,000	
Investment in associate	1,833,661		
Amount due from related companies	47,382	33,222	
Other receivables	1,084,330	615,275	
Inventories	428,032	271,727	
Investment properties	38,287,958	21,088,740	
Property plant and equipment	8,326,735	1,163,218	
Total Assets	311,567,068	170,108,579	
LIABILITIES			
Bank overdraft	5,675,768	1,861,003	
Interest bearing borrowings	44,309,903	16,437,442	
Deposits from customers	159,252,382	107,791,136	
Trade payables	1,141,928	144,788	
Accruals and other payables	7,835,593	4,441,130	
Derivative financial instruments	13,176		
Amount due to related companies	3,719,368	620,862	
Current tax payable	2,525,556	857,903	
Deferred tax liability	2,974,781	1,733,249	
Employee benefits	565,709	332,532	
Total Liabilities	228,014,165	134,220,046	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Stated capital	211,581,448	12,762,500	
Statutory reserve	4,444,108	3,596,579	
Revaluation Reserve	1,505,632	328,838	
Cash flow hedge reserve	(83,702)	27,608	
Fair value through OCI reserve	140,753	45,446	
Merger Reserve	(169,284,517)		
Retained earnings	35,249,180	19,127,563	
Total equity	83,552,903	35,888,534	
Total liabilities and equity	311,567,068	170,108,579	
Commitments and Contingencies	22,863,999	9,332,908	
Net asset value per share	4.34	6.84	

SELECTED PERFORMANCE INDICATORS					
	As at 31	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
Item	Actual	Required	Actual	Required	
Regulatory Capital Adequacy (%) Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio Total Capital Adequacy Ratio Capital Funds to Deposit Liabilities Ratio	20.49% 20.71% 40.76%	8.00% 12.00% 10.00%	15.88% 18.01% 29.19%	7.00% 11.00% 10.00%	
Assets Quality (Quality of Loan Portfolio) (%) Gross Non-Performing Loans Ratio Net Non-Performing Loans Ratio Net Non-Performing Loans to Core Capital Ratio Provision Coverage Ratio	2.3 8.0	6.69% 2.30% 8.00% 65.59%		12.61% 1.43% 6.19% 88.64%	
Profitability(%) Net Interest Margin Return on Assets (before tax) Return on Equity (after Tax) Cost to Income ratio	9.2 33.6	13.13% 9.24% 33.62% 31.83%		14.67% 2.48% 13.00% 32.32%	
Liquidity (%) Available Liquid Assets to required liquid assets (Minimum 100%) Liquid Assets to external funds		180.19% 18.82%		382.10% 22.14%	
Memorandum information Number of branches External Credit rating		220 (SL) A (Stable outlook)		107 (SL) A (Stable outlook)	
Regulatory penalties imposed last 6 months Amount (Rs.Mn)	-	-		-	
Regulatory Deposit Restrictions Cap on total deposits (Rs. Mn) Downsizing of deposits - per month / quarter / year (Rs. Mn) Freezing of deposits	-	-		-	
Regulatory Borrowing Restrictions Cap on total borrowings (Rs. Mn) Downsizing of borrowings-per month/ quarter/ year (Rs. Mn) Freezing of borrowings					
Regulatory Lending Restrictions Cap on total lending portfolio (Rs. Mn) Downsizing of lending portfolio-per month/ quarter/ year (Rs. Mn) Restriction on granting new credit facilities and/or extending the terms of existing credit facilities	-	-		-	
Any Other Regulatory Restrictions Please specify	-	-		-	

Key audit matter How our audit addressed the key audit matter Accounting for Merger of the Company with Commercial Leasing and Finance PLC The Company merged with Commercial Leasing and Finance PLC on 31 March 2022. The Company recognised LKR 169Bn as the merger reserve to the financial statements as disclosed in note 21.5 & 37. Innancial statements as disclosed in note 21.5 eX 37. We considered the accounting for the merger as recommended by the Statement of Recommended Praticle for Merger Accounting for Common Contto Combinations to be a key audit matter as it represent significant transaction entered into by the Company during the year. We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures included in the notes 21.5 & 37 to the financial statements.

Our audit procedures included (among others) the following procedures: We read the relevant board resolutions and approvals from regulators and shareholders. We obtained the audited financial statements of Commercial Leasing and Finance PLC and cross checked the mathematical accuracy of the calculations

Other information included in the Company's 2022 Annual Report. Other information consists of the information included in the Company's 2022 Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the other information. The Company's 2022 annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governames for the financial statements Management is reprossible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and far view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material markatement, whether due to finand or response to the statement of the statement statement statement and the statement statement and the statement statement and the statement statement statement statement and the statement and statement state

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to legadade the Company's to cease operations, or has no catalicia alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor 's repansibilities for the suff of the financial statements four objective set to obtain reasonable assumance about sheadbort the financial statements as a vehole are free from material misstatement whether due to finate) or entror, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assuma-ion of agarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SLASs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from finad or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonable by expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial interments.

expected to immerce the economic decisions of uses taken on the tosis of times immercial statements. As part of an and/in in accordance with ELAss, we excercise professional algebra and maintain professional skepticism throughout the andf. We also: • identify and accordance with ELAss, we excercise professional algebra and the professional skepticism throughout the identify and accordance with skin discretism of the intervents, whether due to final or errors design and profession and the intervent and accordance with skin discretism of the intervents, whether due to final or errors design and profession. The risk of nodefecting a material misstatement resulting from finals is higher than for one resulting from errors, as frand may involve collusion, forgety, intervinad onarison, misrepresentations, or the overring of interval cortors, as frand may involve ecollusion, to groups, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal economy is interval.

management. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we could be that amterial uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report. Here, we can explore the draw attention in our auditor's tropest there there are an explored to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern. If we can also a content of the financial latements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with ethical requirements in accordance with the Code of Ethics regarding independence, and who communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought the bear on our independence, and who communicate sequences and a statement of the statemen

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's repeating builds indicated between the matter or when, in extremely rate circumstance, we determine that an anatter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

wy 29 June 2022 Colombo

. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements As required by section 163 (2) of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007, we have obtained all the information and explanations is required for the audit and, as far as appears from our examination, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company CA Sri Lanka membership number of the engagement partner responsible for signing this independent auditor's report is 1884.

Note: Selected key performance indicators for the current financial year have been calculated based on the performance of the combined entity.

ICRA Lanka assigned the company and issuer rating of [SL]A (Stable outlook).

CERTIFICATION :

We, the undersigned, being the Chief Executive Officer, the Head of Finance and the Compliance Officer of LOLC Finance PLC certify jointly that: (a) The above statements have been prepared in compliance with the format and definitions prescribed by the Central Bank of Sri Lanka (CBSL) (b) The information contained in these statements have been extracted from the audited financial statements of the Company.

Figures in brackets indicate deductions

LOLC Finance PLC

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(sgd) Mr. Krishan Thilakaratne Director /CEO

(sgd)

Mr. Buddhika Weeratunga Head of Finance

(sgd)

Mr. Jithendra Gunatileka Compliance Officer

29 June-2022 Rajagiriya (Greater Colombo)